

**REJECT LABOR INJUNCTION BILL;
ATTORNEY GENERAL WANTS ACT**

ATTORNEY GENERAL WON'T ACT

Washington, June 14.—Attorney General Mitchell declined to pass on the constitutionality of the anti-injunction bill and the Senate Judiciary Committee voted to make an unfavorable report on that measure. The attorney general diplomatically informed the committee that he should know he has no authority to rule on the legality of the bill.

Senator Norris, chairman of the committee, congratulated the attorney general on his stand.

The vote for an unfavorable report was 10-7. The majority consisted of Senators Norris, Borah, Washburn, Ashurst, Blaine, Dill, and McNary.

Opponents of the bill were Senators Capper, Chandler, and McCumber.

Early adjournment and I shall try to get an agreement to take up the injunction bill, which will be taken up, reconvening in December," said Mitchell.

In declining to pass an opinion on the bill, as requested by a majority of the Senate Committee, Attorney General Mitchell said:

"There has never been any statute authorizing attorneys general to give opinions on the constitutionality of bills to either House or to any committee, and I have no authority to do so. It is the opinion of an attorney general on a question of law given without legal authority, and it is not one which I would be entitled to no more consideration than the opinion of any other lawyer."

In recent years it has become the practice of the attorney general to prepare and submit to the Senate and Senate to refer bills to the department of justice directly after the receipt of such information.

Senator Norris will prepare the minority report to the Senate, and Senator Steiwer will take charge of the majority report.

Senator Norris is doubtful that a vote can be had on the bill, which may adjourn shortly after the tariff and the rivers and harbors bills are passed. He is confident that he knows every body is talking about it.

FEDERAL LABOR BUREAU IGNORED; FACT FINDERS OUSTED; NO FUNDS

Washington, June 14.—The United States Bureau of Labor Statistics must abandon, curtail or defer completion of some of its work, both in the field and in the office, because of a lack of funds.

The Bureau, said Commissioner Ethelbert Stewart, plans to curtail its field work, but that the industrial and business statistics will be continued. The statistics prepared by Commissioner Stewart are never challenged, although the statistics in the field are not. He would assure the country that conditions are nearly normal.

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and 11 more before July 15, owing to the expiration of appropriations made last year and not continued in 1931 appropriations.

The significance of this statement is "the facts of this labor problem."

UNEMPLOYMENT GROWS WITH NEW MACHINERY

Butte, June 14.—The automatic machine, scientific processes and combinations are sweeping all classes of workers into the unemployed army.

BUSINESS BUST UPS WOULD AID INDUSTRY

New York, June 14.—"A few healthy bankruptcies would aid England in facing new problems, declared Sir Josiah Stamp, British economist."

"Due to modern machinery 100 miners get out as much ore in Butte mines as 400 did in the old days of Marcus Daly and former United States Senator Clark. Yet these men, enacted in 1906 and 1911

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"But the man who labors in overalls is not the only one affected by displacements. Electric addressing machines and other appliances have replaced thousands of white collar workers. Mergers have ousted entire

staffs and smaller units have been placed in the hands of a few specialists, that both Parliament and the people are being deceived by new proposals." Sir Joseph said an Economic Advisory Committee consisting of labor, finance and industry, has been set up and is holding meetings in his committee.

It is a great experiment but everybody knows how it is going to succeed," said Sir Joseph.

"INSULATED LIFE"

why California and Washington have made such loud objections to Filipino labor, but now the shoe is on the other foot—these aliens are being colonized in Columbia county to work on truck farms. Bankers in that county are be-

Editor Ryerson of the Oregon Labor Press tells the bank-ers, "You are the big business pickles and beans at a profit by employing white labor, you had better get to work and let farmers do the farming."

"We don't want that kind of labor," the conservative Oregon labor editor. "If your industry can't survive without them it's your fault."

HAGGERTY ELECTED

Baltimore, June 14.—John B. Haggerty, president International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, was elected

the president of the Board of Governors of the Allied Printing Trades Association, at the time of the strike. The new official succeeded President Byrd of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union.

The association has charge of the allied printing trades and has been in the middle of disputes between the five international printing trades unions.

"It is the first time in 20 years that a bookbinder has held this position," says Byrd.

WIN FIVE-DAY WEEK
Norwich, Conn., June 14.—Organized bricklayers secured the five-day week. Hod carriers and laborers are equally successful.